Food and Nutrition Services First month of overissuance determination Standard and Simplified Cases

		d Name	EPICS Referral Number	
		ed by Date	-	_ Co. Case #
A.	Dic	Did the applicant withhold information or provide false information at application?		
	1. 2.	,	s the first month of	the certification period.
В.	Dic	id the recipient withhold information or provide false information at recertification?		
	1. 2.	,	s the first month of ld or provided false	information. Continue to C below if a
C.	Dic	id the recipient fail to disclose a reportable	e change during a	certification period?
	1. 2.	,		
D.	Ch	hanges that occurred before 2/1/2007.		
	1.	. What day did the recipient first know ab	out the change?	
	2.	. Add 10 calendar days to determine the	date the change w	as reportable
		. Add 10 calendar days to allow the IMC (Allow even if IMC could hav . Add 10 working days for the Notice of A	re reacted sooner)	
	5.	. What is the month following the date the This is the first month of overissuance.	NOAA expires?	
E.	Ch	Changes that occurred on or after 2/1/2007	, -	
	1.	. What day did the recipient first know ab	out the change?	
	2.	. What is the 10 th day of the month follow		e answer to E, 1?
		(Required date to report cha . Add 10 calendar days to allow the IMC (Allow even if IMC could hav . Add 10 working days for the Notice of A	to react to the char re reacted sooner)	
		. What is the month following the date the This is the first month of overissuance.		

Note: This information applies to IHE and suspected IPV claims only. The first month of overissuance for Agency Error Claims is always the first month the change would have been effective had the agency acted timely and according to policy. Use this form in conjunction with policy in sections 815 and 820. If a change occurred after review interview, but before recertification, follow instructions in section 815.02 for IHE claims, and section 820.03 for suspected IPV claims.